

Reference List

Title:

Nutrition Care in Kidney Disease, by Victor Yu, PhD, RD, BC-ADM

References:

1. Balsom PD, Söderlund K, Ekblom B. Creatine in humans with special reference to creatine supplementation. *Sports Med*. 1994;18(4):268-280.
2. Combe C, McCullough KP, Asano Y, Ginsberg N, Maroni BJ, Pifer TB. Kidney Disease Outcomes Quality Initiative (K/DOQI) and the Dialysis Outcomes and Practice Patterns Study (DOPPS): nutrition guidelines, indicators, and practices. *Am J Kidney Dis*. 2004;44(5 Suppl 2):39-46.
3. Ireton-Jones C. Adjusted body weight, con: why adjust body weight in energy-expenditure calculations? *Nutr Clin Pract*. 2005;20(4):474-479.
4. Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) CKD-MBD Update Work Group. KDIGO 2017 clinical practice guideline update for the diagnosis, evaluation, prevention, and treatment of chronic kidney disease-mineral and bone disorder (CKD-MBD). *Kidney Int Suppl (2011)*. 2017;7(1):1-59.
5. Kotanko P, Levin NW, Zhu F. Current state of bioimpedance technologies in dialysis. *Nephrol Dial Transplant*. 2008;23(3):808-812.
6. Ku E, Xie D, Shlipak M, et al. Change in measured GFR versus eGFR and CKD outcomes. *J Am Soc Nephrol*. 2016;27(7):2196-2204.
7. McCann L, ed. *Pocket Guide to Nutrition Assessment of the Patient with Kidney Disease: A Concise, Practical Resource for Comprehensive Nutrition Care in Kidney Disease*. 5th ed. New York, NY: National Kidney Foundation; 2015.