## **Practice Sheet: Vitamin and Mineral Summary for Vegetarian Athletes**

	Dietary Reference Intake		Tolerable Upper Intake Limit	Athlete- Specific Considerations	Vegetarian- Specific Considerations	Absorption Affected by Phytate
	Men Aged 19 to 50	Women Aged 19 to 50				
Vitamins						
B <sub>6</sub> *		1.3 mg	100 mg			
B <sub>12</sub> *^	2.4 mcg	2.4 mcg	NA		Vegans need a supplement or fortified foods. <sup>1</sup>	
Biotin*	30 mcg	30 mcg	NA			
C*	90 mg	75 mg	2,000 mg	Target of 100 to 1,000 mg has been suggested for repeated, sustained strenuous exercise. <sup>2</sup>		
D*^	600 IU	600 IU	4,000 IU	Supplements are for anyone for wh exposure and for meeting needs. I triad is present, a supplement is recomment is recomment.		
E*	15 mg	15 mg	1,000 mg			
Folate*	400 mcg	400 mcg	1,000 mcg			
Niacin*	16 mg	14 mg	35 mg			
Pantothenic acid*	5 mg	5 mg	NA			
Riboflavin*	1.3 mg	1.1 mg	NA			
Thiamin*	1.2 mg	1.1 mg	NA			
Minerals						
Calcium*^	1,000 mg	1,000 mg	2,500 mg		Vegans may benefit from a supplement and fortified foods. <sup>1,3</sup>	Х
				Female vegetaria aim for substantia If the female athle present, a 1,500- calcium suppleme recommended. <sup>2</sup>		

lodine^	150 mcg	150 mcg	1,100 mcg		Some vegans may not get enough without consuming iodized salt or sea vegetables. <sup>1</sup>	
Iron*^	8 mg	8 to 18 mg	45 mg	Increased need for athletes by a factor of 1.3 to 1.7. <sup>4</sup> Female vegetaria aim for substantia	Increased need for vegetarians by a factor of 1.8.4 In athletes should all iron intake 1	X
Magnesium*	400 to 420 mg	310 to 320 mg	350 mg (for supplemental magnesium)	annioi substantia	a non intake.	
Selenium*	55 mcg	55 mcg	400 mcg			
Zinc*^	11 mg	8 mg	40 mg		Possible that needs are higher, especially for vegans, by factor of 1.5 to 2.5	X

<sup>\*</sup>Micronutrients of concern for athletes<sup>2</sup>

— Source: Institute of Medicine Dietary Reference Intakes

## **Additional Considerations**

- The primary goal for athletes is to reach at least the Recommended Dietary Allowance for vitamins and minerals. Overall micronutrient needs for athletes may be higher, but often they can be met with higher energy intake. As long as energy needs are met with a variety of foods, supplements aren't needed unless individual circumstances necessitate it.<sup>2</sup>
- Consideration also should be given to other supplement recommendations for the general population besides those for athletes and vegetarians.<sup>2</sup>
- Sodium, potassium, and chloride also are important for athletes, but meeting needs generally isn't difficult. Endurance athletes may have needs for sodium and chloride above the Tolerable Upper Intake Level.<sup>2</sup>
- The Dietary Reference Intakes, based on information from the Institute of Medicine publications, are for men and women aged 19 to 50. Requirements will vary for age groups outside this range.
- When assessing overall micronutrient status, it's best to confirm that intake of a particular nutrient from diet, supplements, and fortified foods doesn't exceed the Tolerable Upper Intake Level.

<sup>^</sup>Micronutrients of concern for vegetarians<sup>1</sup>

• For vegetarians, it's important to ensure the ingredients and substances used in processing supplements are vegetarian and/or vegan. For example, vitamin D<sub>2</sub> is acceptable to vegans but D<sub>3</sub> isn't because it's derived from an animal source. 1,6

## References

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