

# CHANGING THE CONVERSATION

Culinary techniques to meet the needs of a client's diagnosis without sacrificing flavor for **Diabetes and Heart Disease**.

PRESENTED BY  
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Brought to you through the support of  
**ENC**  
 Endocrinology Center

[www.culinarynutritioncuisine.com](http://www.culinarynutritioncuisine.com) | [www.julieharringtonrd.com](http://www.julieharringtonrd.com)

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## About

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

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## Objectives

-  Make evidence-based nutrition education relatable to clients through "food talk".
-  Discuss the impact culinary nutrition programs can have on behavior mediators such as stress, knowledge, confidence, and goal setting.
-  Identify a variety of culinary nutrition needs related to diabetes and heart disease.
-  Evaluate clients' cooking skills to work on goal setting accordingly.

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### Diabetes Biomarkers

#### A1C

Normal	Less than 5.7%
Prediabetes	5.7% - 6.4%
Diabetes	6.5% or higher



**Did you know?**  
30.3 million people have diabetes (9.4% of the U.S. population)

New CDC Report: More than 100 Million Americans Have Diabetes or Prediabetes  
<https://www.cdc.gov/media/releases/2017/p0718-diabetes-report.html>

#### Medical Nutrition Therapy for Diabetes:

##### Achieve and maintain:

- Blood glucose levels in the normal range or as close to normal as is safely possible
- A lipid and lipoprotein profile that reduces the risk for vascular disease
- Blood pressure levels in the normal range or as close to normal as is safely possible

To **prevent**, or at least slow, the rate of development of the **chronic complications** of diabetes by modifying nutrient intake and lifestyle




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### Heart Disease Biomarkers

#### Cholesterol

	HDL Cholesterol	LDL Cholesterol	Total Cholesterol	Triglycerides
<b>Good</b>	Ideal is 60 or higher; 40 or higher for men and 50 or higher for women is acceptable	Less than 100; below 70 if coronary artery disease is present	Less than 200	Less than 149
<b>Borderline</b>	n/a	130-159	200-239	150-199
<b>High</b>	n/a	160 or higher; 190 considered very high	240 or higher	200 or higher; 500 considered very high
<b>Low</b>	Less than 40	n/a	n/a	n/a



**Did you know?**  
According to the Center for Disease Control, this condition is a primary contributor to the over 600,000 cardiac related deaths yearly.

Heart Disease Facts & Statistics  
<https://www.cdc.gov/heartdisease/facts.html>

#### Blood Pressure

Blood Pressure Category	Systolic (upper number)	Diastolic (lower number)
<b>Normal</b>	Less than 120	& Less than 80
<b>Elevated</b>	120-129	& Less than 80
<b>High (Hypertension Stage 1)</b>	130-139	or 80-89
<b>High (Hypertension Stage 2)</b>	140 or higher	or 90 or higher
<b>Hypertension Crisis (Hypertension Stage 3)</b>	Higher than 180	&/or Higher than 120

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### Medical Nutrition Therapy

To address **individual nutrition needs**, taking into account personal and cultural preferences and **willingness to change**.




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### Medical Nutrition Therapy



To **maintain** the pleasure of eating by only limiting food choices when indicated by **scientific evidence**.

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### Barriers

#### Client Barriers



Time



Need new ideas



Low kitchen confidence

#### Practitioner Barriers



Translating evidence based research through food



Low kitchen confidence

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### Dietary Protocols with a "Food First" Approach

Lead with the positive > Empower > Food focused goals



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**Meeting clients where they are**

➤ **Helps build trust**

**Start with lateral shifts** ◀



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**Culinary Nutrition Intervention for Diabetes**

The American Diabetes Association and American Heart Association recommend eating patterns that include whole grains, fruits, vegetables, lean protein, legumes and low-fat dairy products, and limit foods high in saturated fats, trans fats, high-sodium, and added sugars.

Update on Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease in Adults with Type 2 Diabetes: A Scientific Statement from the American Heart Association and the American Diabetes Association  
<https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/full/10.1161/ATV.0000000000000124>



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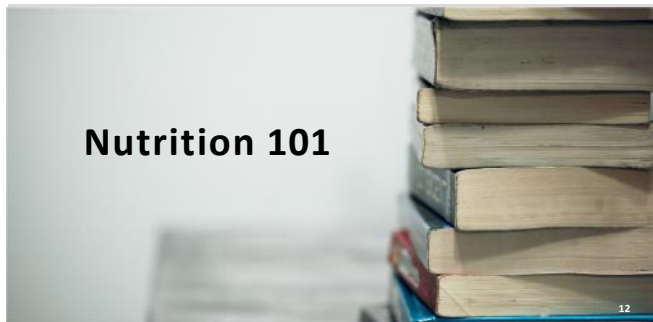
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**Back to the Basics**

**Nutrition 101**



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### Culinary Nutrition Intervention

#### FRUIT

- Fiber packed
- Antioxidant rich
- Naturally occurring sugar

Plenty of options



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### Food Highlight: Pears



A medium-sized pear packs 6 grams of fiber, which equals about 24% of the recommended daily value.

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### Culinary Nutrition Intervention

#### VEGETABLES

- Starchy vs. Non-Starchy Vegetables
- Recommended 3-5 servings of non-starchy vegetables per day
- ½ cup cooked or 1 cup raw



Non-starchy Vegetables  
<https://diabetes.org/food-and-fitness/what-can-i-eat/making-healthy-food-choices/non-starchy-vegetables.html>

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### Food Highlight: Cauliflower

Cauliflower a versatile ingredient is packed with vitamin C, low in carbohydrates, and high in fiber, can be used to replace higher carb ingredients like rice.



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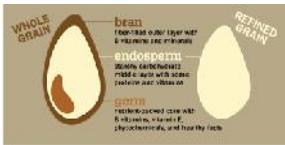
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### Culinary Nutrition Intervention

#### WHOLE GRAINS



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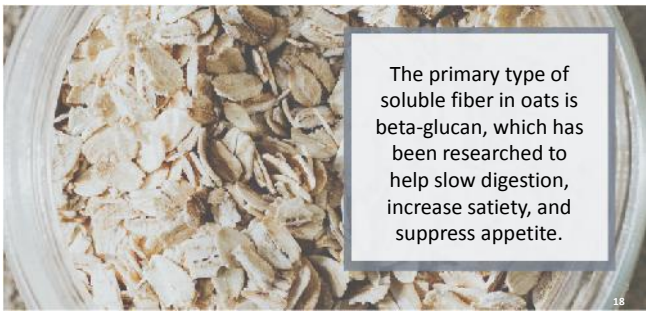
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### Food Highlight: Oats

The primary type of soluble fiber in oats is beta-glucan, which has been researched to help slow digestion, increase satiety, and suppress appetite.



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### Recipe: Savory Oatmeal



#### TASTEOVER TIPS

##### Savory vs. Sweet

- No added sugar

##### Addition of vegetables at breakfast

- Adds flavor and health benefits

##### Protein packed

- Adds lean protein, "sauce" for the other ingredients, flavor/complexity, and health benefits

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### Culinary Nutrition Intervention



#### LEAN PROTEIN

- 10-35% of total calories
- Animal & plant-based sources




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### Food Highlight: Eggs

A recent meta-analysis shows daily intake may decrease stroke risk by 12 percent.



Alexander DD, et al. Meta-analysis of Egg Consumption and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease and Stroke. *J Am Coll Nutr*. 2016;35:704-714

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**Recipe: Confetti Chicken Burgers**



**TASTEOVER TIPS**

**Ground chicken in place of ground beef**

- Less saturated fat

**Vegetable packed**

- Adds moisture
- Adds flavor and health benefits

**Feta cheese**

- Adds flavor and complexity
- Less needed – big flavor

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**Culinary Nutrition Intervention**

**DAIRY**

- Fermented dairy foods consumption (yogurt and cheese)
- Inverse relationship with heart disease and type 2 diabetes



Fermented Dairy Food and CVD Risk  
Linda Tapsell – <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26148916>

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**Food Highlight: Greek Yogurt**

Greek yogurt has a natural balance of CHO and protein to help balance blood sugar levels.



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### Culinary Nutrition Intervention



#### HEALTHY FATS

- Omega-3s
- Fiber
- Vitamin E

*A variety of sources:*



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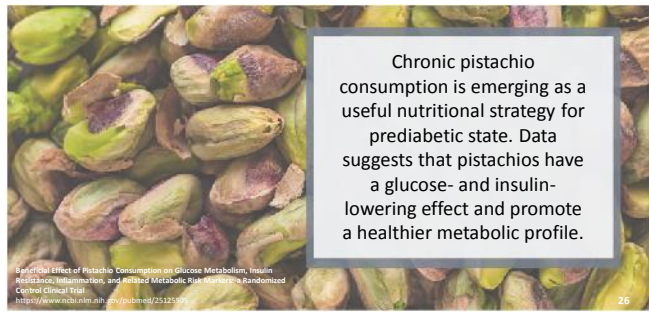
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### Food Highlight: Pistachios



Chronic pistachio consumption is emerging as a useful nutritional strategy for prediabetic state. Data suggests that pistachios have a glucose- and insulin-lowering effect and promote a healthier metabolic profile.

Beneficial Effect of Pistachio Consumption on Glucose Metabolism, Insulin Resistance, Inflammation, and Related Metabolic Risk Markers: A Randomized Clinical Trial  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25125539>

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### Recipe: Pistachios Pesto



#### TASTEOVER TIPS

##### Pistachios instead of traditional pine nuts

- More affordable
- Good flavor and health profile

##### Dairy Free

- No saturated fat

##### Uses mint in addition to traditional basil

- Good flavor and health profile
- Goes well with pistachios

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### Culinary Nutrition Intervention

#### LEGUMES

- Fiber
- Affordable
- Plant-based
- ↓ LDL Cholesterol
- ↑ HDL Cholesterol



Nutrition Information  
<https://lentsils.org/health-nutrition/nutritional-information/>

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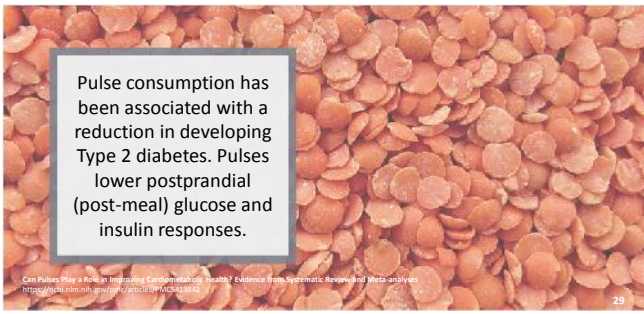
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### Food Highlight: Lentils

Pulse consumption has been associated with a reduction in developing Type 2 diabetes. Pulses lower postprandial (post-meal) glucose and insulin responses.



Can Pulses Play a Role in Improving Cardio-metabolic Health? Evidence from Systematic Review and Meta-analysis  
<https://doi.org/10.1093/ajcn/104.4.1044>

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### Recipe: Lentil Bolognese



#### TASTE-OVER TIPS

- Plant-based**
- Lentils mimic the texture of ground meat
  - Healthy and flavorful meat replacement
  - Plant-based protein
- Addition of balsamic vinegar**
- Adds acid and depth
- Zucchini Noodles**
- Decreases total carbohydrates in the dish
  - Adds healthy nutrients from extra boost of vegetables

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**Putting it into Practice**



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**Questions?**

**Save the Date:**  
Tuesday, June 18<sup>th</sup>

**Webinar Series:**  
Part 2 of 4

**Changing the Conversation:**  
Culinary Techniques to meet the needs of a client's diagnosis without sacrificing flavor for **digestive disorders**

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**Credit Claiming**

*You must complete a brief evaluation of the program in order to obtain your certificate. The evaluation will be available for 1 year; you do not have to complete it today.*

**Credit Claiming Instructions:**

1. Go to [www.CE.TodaysDietitian.com/culinarypart1](http://www.CE.TodaysDietitian.com/culinarypart1) OR Log in to [www.CE.TodaysDietitian.com](http://www.CE.TodaysDietitian.com) and go to "My Courses" and click on the webinar title.
2. Click "Take Course" on the webinar description page.
3. Select "Start/Resume" Course to complete and submit the evaluation.
4. Download and print your certificate.

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<http://www.diabetes.org/>

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Fitz, C. C., Gaziano, T. A., Anderson, C., Bory, G. A., Borch-Johnsen, K., de Bock, M., de Groot, P., de Waegeneer, A., Finkel, S. H., Franklin, A. A., Fradette, J., Hayashi, S. E., Hocherstorfer, M., Iqbal, S. B., Jansen, M. J., Jorgensen, M., Kannel, W. B., Kishore, S. R., Kishore, S. R., American Heart Association Diabetes Committee of the Council on Lifestyle and Cardiometabolic Health, Council on Clinical Cardiology, Council on Cardiovascular and Stroke Nursing, Council on Community and Population Sciences, Council on Quality of Care and Outcomes Research, American Diabetes Association (2017). Update on Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease in Adults With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in Light of Recent Evidence. *Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association and the American Diabetes Association. Diabetes care*, 40(5), 1777-803.

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as well as to improve the inflammatory profile [Chiangangrath, L., Christoph M, Hoffmann G. Effects of Olive Oil on Markers of Inflammation and Endothelial Function: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *Nutrients*, 2015; 7:7652-75. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu7057652> PMID: 26178571

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